#### CRITICAL AXIAL FORCE OF TORSIONAL-FLEXURAL BUCKLING FOR VARIOUS BOUNDARY CONDITIONS BY GOLDENVEJZER'S APPROXIMATE METHOD









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### CRITICAL FORCE N<sub>cr,TF</sub> OF TORSIONAL-FLEXURAL BUCKLING FOR ANY COMBINATIONS OF BENDING AND TORSION BOUNDARY CONDITIONS







Eurocode 3 - Design of steel structures - Part 1-3: General rules - Supplementary rules for cold-formed members and sheeting

Ncr,TFz

$$\frac{1}{2(1-1)z_{s}^{2}/i_{s}^{2}}\left[ (N_{cr,z} + N_{cr,T}) \mp \sqrt{(N_{cr,z} + N_{cr,T})^{2} - 4N_{cr,z}N_{cr,T}(1-1)z_{s}^{2}/i_{s}^{2}} \right]$$

$$N_{cr,z} = \frac{\pi^{2}EI_{z}}{k_{z}^{2}L^{2}} \qquad N_{cr,T} = \frac{1}{i_{s}^{2}}\left[ GI_{t} + \frac{\pi^{2}EI_{w}}{k_{w}^{2}L^{2}} \right] \qquad i_{s}^{2} = \frac{I_{y} + I_{z}}{A} + y_{s}^{2} + z_{s}^{2}$$

NOTE: valid only when bending and torsion boundary conditions are the same.

# **Monosymmetric section N**<sub>cr.TFz</sub> Ζ EN 1993-1-3 $\frac{1}{2(1-1)z_{s}^{2}/i_{s}^{2}}\left[\left(N_{\mathrm{cr},z}+N_{\mathrm{cr},T}\right)\mp\sqrt{\left(N_{\mathrm{cr},z}+N_{\mathrm{cr},T}\right)^{2}-4N_{\mathrm{cr},z}N_{\mathrm{cr},T}\left(1-1/2)z_{s}^{2}/i_{s}^{2}\right)}\right]$ EN 1999-1-1

Eurocode 9: Design of aluminium structures - Part 1-1: General structural rules

$$\frac{1}{2(1-\alpha_{zw}t_{s}^{2}/i_{s}^{2})} \left[ (N_{cr,z} + N_{cr,T}) \mp \sqrt{(N_{cr,z} + N_{cr,T})^{2} - 4N_{cr,z}N_{cr,T}(1-\alpha_{zw}t_{s}^{2}/i_{s}^{2})} \right]$$

## 1940, 1958

Vlasov V.Z., Thin-walled elastic beams, Moscow

## 1941

Gol'denvejzer A. L., "Stability of thin-walled members under axial force depending on boundary conditions", Moscow. (In Russian).

## 1954

Březina V., Boundary conditions in stability of members in compression. Prague.

### 1962

Březina V., Buckling resistance of metal members and beams, Prague. (In Czech).

## 1982

Chalupa A. et al., *Design of steel structures, Commentary to ČSN 73 1401*, **Prague**. (In Czech).

# **1941** Gol'denvejzer A. L. Eigenfunctions of vibration modes (EFVMs)

where: 
$$\lambda = L \sqrt[4]{\frac{\mu \omega_0^2}{EI}}; \quad \xi = \frac{x}{L}; \quad 0 \le \xi \le 1$$

Table 1: Factors  $\alpha_{zw}$  resulted from vibration eigenfunctions

Flexural BCs, Buckling	Torsional BCs, Buckling length factors $k_w$								
$length factors: k_y, k_z$	<b>Υ</b> 1.0	<b>}</b> ↓ 0.7	<b>↓</b> 0.7	<b>≹</b> € 0.5					
▲ 1.0	1	0.817	0.817	0.780					
▲ 0.7	0.817	1		0.765					
<b></b> 0.7	0.817		1	0.765					
<b>1</b> 0.5	0.780	0.765	0.765	1					

## 1954

## Březina V.

Eigenfunctions of buckling modes (EFBMs)

where: 
$$\varepsilon = \sqrt{\frac{N}{EI}}L; \quad \xi = \frac{x}{L}; \quad 0 \le \xi \le 1$$

Table 1: Factors  $\alpha_{zw}$  resulted from vibration eigenfunctions

Flexural BCs, Buckling	Torsio	Torsional BCs, Buckling length factors $k_w$								
length	ᡩ᠆᠆᠊ᡃᡟ	¥−−−¥	┟┼───┊	1 <del>1</del>						
factors: $k_y$ , $k_z$	1.0	0.7	0.7	0.5						
▲ 1.0	1			0.721						
₫ _ 0.7										
<u>▲</u> 0.7										
<b>₩</b> 0.5	0.721			1						

## **1962** Březina V.

Eigenfunctions of vibration modes (EFVMs)

$$w^{IV}(\xi) - \lambda^4 w(\xi) = 0$$

where: 
$$\lambda = L \sqrt[4]{\frac{\mu \omega_0^2}{EI}}; \quad \xi = \frac{x}{L}; \quad 0 \le \xi \le 1$$

He calculated  $\alpha_{zw}$  values for all 100 combinations of bending and torsion boundary conditions. Many of them are incorrect.

	y ictors	TBBCs = Torsional Buckling Boundary Conditions Buckling length factors $k_w$											
0410	ndar sth fa												
- Ela	g Bou bis. g leng		Non-swa	y TBBCs		Sway TBBCs							
DC°-	ckling ckling ckling $k_z$	I	II ¥——↓J		IV J	V	VI	VII		IX 3	X		
LD LD	Bu Bu Co	а к 0.5	<b>0</b> .7	т к 0.7	1.0	я ц 1.0	1.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0		
2 C		1	0.765	0.765	0.78	0.008	0.008	0.127	0.127	-0.421	-0.421		
v FBB	2 2 0.7	0.765	1	0.472	0.817	0.425	0.008	0.794	0.117	1.776	-0.683		
ews-u	3 <u>A</u> 0.7	0.765	0.472	1	0.817	0.008	0.425	0.117	0.794	-0.683	1.776		
Z	4 ▲ 1.0	0.78	<b>0.81</b> 7	0.817	1	0.106	0.106	0.721	0.721	1.805	1.805		
	5 1.0	0.008	0.425	0.008	0.106	1	0.97	0.78	-0.378	1.348	-4.583		
	6 ≸ <u>−</u> € <sub>1.0</sub>	0.008	0.008	0.425	0.106	0.97	1	-0.378	0.78	-4.583	1.348		
RBCs	7 <u>A</u>	0.127	0.794	0.117	0.721	0.78	-0.378	1	0.405	1.707	1.707		
Wav F	<sup>8</sup> ₩ <u> </u>	0.127	0.117	0.794	0.721	-0.378	0.78	0.405	1	1.707	1.707		
	9 <u>3</u> 2.0	-0.421	1.776	-0.683	1.805	1.348	-4.583	1.707	1.707	1	16.783		
		-0.421	-0.683	1.776	1.805	-4.583	1.348	1.707	1.707	16.783	1		

## **Tab. 3** Factors $\alpha_{yw}$ (TBBC, FBBCy) or $\alpha_{zw}$ (TBBC, FBBCz) calculated using fundamental functions EFVMs

lira	ndary h factors	TBBCs = Torsional Buckling Boundary Conditions. Buckling length factors $k_w$											
= Flex	g Bour ons. g lengt		Non-swa	y TBBCs		Sway TBBCs							
FBBCs	Bucklin Conditic Bucklin $k_y$ , $k_z$	I 1 0.5	Ⅱ }Ų 0.7	Ⅲ ↓—{↓	IV ↓ ↓ ↓ 1.0	V 1.0				IX 3 2.0	X 2.0		
Cs	1 0.5	1	0.66	0.66	0.721	0	0	0.115	0.115	-0.422	-0.422		
v FBB	2 ▲ 0.7	0.66	1	0.308	0.758	0.367	0.042	0.808	0.104	1.494	-0.601		
n-swa	3 <u> </u>	0.66	0.308	1	0.758	0.042	0.367	0.104	0.808	-0.601	1.494		
No	4 ▲ 1.0	0.721	0.758	0.758	1	0	0	0.721	0.721	1.318	1.318		
	5 ₩1.0	0	0.367	0.042	0	1	1	0.721	-0.36	1.318	-2.637		
	6 ₿───€ <sub>1.0</sub>	0	0.042	0.367	0	1	1	-0.36	0.721	-2.637	1.318		
BBCs	7 <sup>0</sup> 2.0	0.115	0.808	0.104	0.721	0.721	-0.36	1	0.405	1.483	1		
Sway F	<sup>8</sup> ▲2.0	0.115	0.104	0.808	0.721	-0.36	0.721	0.405	1	1	1.483		
	9 <u>2.0</u>	-0.422	1.494	-0.601	1.318	1.318	-2.637	1.483	1	1	5.428		
	10	-0.422	-0.601	1.494	1.318	-2.637	1.318	1	1.483	5.428	1		

**Tab. 4** Factors  $\alpha_{yw}$  (TBBC, FBBCy) or  $\alpha_{zw}$  (TBBC, FBBCz) calculated using fundamental functions EFBMs

## EN 1999-1-1:2007+A1

Table I.6 - Values of  $\alpha_{yw}\,$  or  $\alpha_{zw}\,$  for combinations of bending and torsion boundary conditions

Bending boun-			,	Torsion bo	undary cor	ndition, $k_w$	,						
dary condition $k_y$ or $k_z$	<b>ү</b> ү 1,0	<b>}</b> —↓ 0,7	<b>₩</b> 0,7	<b>}€</b>	2,0	2,0	<b>∦</b> □ 1,0	□ <u> </u> [ 1,0	□				
▲ 1,0	1	0,817	0,817	0,780	a)	a)	a)	a)	a)				
<b>∛</b> 0,7	0,817	1	a)	0,766	a)	a)	a)	a)	a)				
₫ 0,7	0,817	a)	1	0,766	a)	a)	a)	a)	a)				
<b>↓</b> 0,5	0,780	0,766	0,766	1	a)	a)	a)	a)	a)				
<b>≹</b> —2,0	a)	a)	a)	a)	1	a)	a)	a)	a)				
<u> </u>	a)	a)	a)	a)	a)	1	a)	a)	a)				
<b>}</b> → <b>\$</b> 1,0	a)	a)	a)	a)	a)	a)	1	a)	a)				
₩ <b>—</b> 1,0	a)	a)	a)	a)	a)	a)	a)	1	a)				
<b>≹</b> 2,0	a)	a)	a)	a)	a)	a)	a)	a)	1				
a) conservative	a) conservatively, use $\alpha_{yw} = 1$ and $\alpha_{zw} = 1$												

# Table is valid also for sections without axis of symmetry



$$(N_{\rm cr,y} - N_{\rm cr})(N_{\rm cr,z} - N_{\rm cr})(N_{\rm cr,T} - N_{\rm cr})i_{\rm s}^{2} - \alpha_{\rm zw}z_{\rm s}^{2}N_{\rm cr}^{2}(N_{\rm cr,y} - N_{\rm cr}) - \alpha_{\rm yw}y_{\rm s}^{2}N_{\rm cr}^{2}(N_{\rm cr,z} - N_{\rm cr}) = 0$$

## Large parametrical study using FEM



lira	ndary h factors	TBBCs = Torsional Buckling Boundary Conditions. Buckling length factors $k_w$											
= Flex	g Bour ons. g lengt		Non-swa	y TBBCs		Sway TBBCs							
FBBCs	Bucklin Conditic Bucklin $k_y$ , $k_z$	I 1 0.5	Ⅱ }Ų 0.7	Ⅲ ↓—€ 0.7	IV ↓ ↓ ↓ 1.0	V 1.0				IX 3 2.0	X 2.0		
Cs	1 0.5	1	0.66	0.66	0.721	0	0	0.115	0.115	-0.422	-0.422		
v FBB	2 ▲ 0.7	0.66	1	0.308	0.758	0.367	0.042	0.808	0.104	1.494	-0.601		
n-swa	3 <u> </u>	0.66	0.308	1	0.758	0.042	0.367	0.104	0.808	-0.601	1.494		
No	4 ▲ 1.0	0.721	0.758	0.758	1	0	0	0.721	0.721	1.318	1.318		
	5 ₩1.0	0	0.367	0.042	0	1	1	0.721	-0.36	1.318	-2.637		
	6 ₿───€ <sub>1.0</sub>	0	0.042	0.367	0	1	1	-0.36	0.721	-2.637	1.318		
BBCs	7 <sup>0</sup> 2.0	0.115	0.808	0.104	0.721	0.721	-0.36	1	0.405	1.483	1		
Sway F	<sup>8</sup> ▲2.0	0.115	0.104	0.808	0.721	-0.36	0.721	0.405	1	1	1.483		
	9 <u>2.0</u>	-0.422	1.494	-0.601	1.318	1.318	-2.637	1.483	1	1	5.428		
	10	-0.422	-0.601	1.494	1.318	-2.637	1.318	1	1.483	5.428	1		

**Tab. 4** Factors  $\alpha_{yw}$  (TBBC, FBBCy) or  $\alpha_{zw}$  (TBBC, FBBCz) calculated using fundamental functions EFBMs





Table 3: Intervals of errors in (2) for regular  $\alpha_{zw}$  (from table 2) for CS1 with  $z_s/i_s=0.880$ 

	ų.	ΨŲ	7		ų		1		7777		—		1	-0	0		0	ų	ų.	0
	0	0	-3	-1	-3	-1	-2	-1	2	20	2	20	-60	0	-60	0	-3	10	-3	10
	-5	0	0	0	-18	-1	-5	-1	1	18	-1	-87	-14	7	-45	0	-42	0	-1	12
	-5	0	-18	-1	0	0	-5	-1	-1	-87	1	18	-45	0	-14	7	-1	12	-42	0
	-6	0	-8	0	-8	0	0	0	0	-89	0	-89	-82	0	-82	0	-40	0	-40	0
	20	31	31	36	-8	2	-16	-6	0	0	21	46	8	12	23	20	0	0	6	20
	20	31	-8	2	31	36	-16	-6	21	46	0	0	23	20	8	12	6	20	0	0
	-26	-1	2	16	-9	-3	-20	-4	1	9	-7	3	0	0	0	0	-2	-89	-6	0
****	-26	-1	-9	-3	2	16	-20	-4	-7	3	1	9	0	0	0	0	-6	0	-2	-89
<u>≱</u>	11	20	-4	-2	20	23	-1	-1	0	0	6	20	-59	-85	-2	-1	0	0	-9	0
4	11	20	20	23	-4	-2	-1	-1	6	20	0	0	-2	-1	-59	-85	-9	0	0	0





#### When $\alpha_{zw} = 1.0$

Table 4: Intervals of errors in (3) for CS1 with  $z_s/i_s=0.880$ 

	ų.	ΨŲ	7777	ų	ų		7777		*		_		1	0	0-		6	ų	Ψ	0
<u> </u>	0	0	1	4	1	4	3	6	1	15	1	15	3	28	3	28	1	15	1	15
<u></u>	0	3	0	0	2	10	2	5	0	13	1	15	2	19	2	19	0	13	1	15
	0	3	2	10	0	0	2	5	1	15	0	13	2	19	2	19	1	15	0	13
	0	3	0	3	0	3	0	0	0	11	0	11	0	16	0	16	0	11	0	11
	16	26	25	30	23	27	25	28	0	0	3	13	3	6	3	6	0	0	3	13
	16	26	23	27	25	30	25	28	3	13	0	0	3	6	3	6	3	13	0	0
	5	35	10	32	10	32	17	37	0	3	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	3
****	5	35	10	32	10	32	17	37	0	3	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	3
₩	16	26	25	30	23	27	25	28	0	0	3	13	3	6	3	6	0	0	3	13
4	16	26	23	27	25	30	25	28	3	13	0	0	3	6	3	6	3	13	0	0



Fig. 4 Left vertical axis: elastic critical forces  $N_{cr.z}$ ,  $N_{cr.TFa}$ ,  $N_{cr.TFa}$ ,  $N_{cr.TF1}$ , and reference value  $N_{cr.FEMID}$  as functions of length L of member (Fig.2). Right vertical axis: Errors  $er_{TFa}$ ,  $er_{TF1}$  in critical forces  $N_{cr.TFa}$ ,  $N_{cr.TF1}$  comparing with "exact"  $N_{cr.FEMID}$  value



**Tab. 3** Factors  $\alpha_{yw}$  (TBBC, FBBCy) or  $\alpha_{zw}$  (TBBC, FBBCz) calculated using fundamental functions EFVMs

## New generation of EN 1999-1-1 will contains the following table with improved $\alpha_{zw}$ values smaller than 1.0 giving errors in N<sub>cr,TFz</sub> in interval -3% - +5%.

## 

	ndary – 10. gth (d k <sub>z</sub> )			TBC	s = Torsio (Bucl	nal Boun kling leng	dary Con th factors	ditions I k <sub>w</sub> )	- X.			
	l Bou ons 1- ng len <i>k</i> y an		Non-sw	ay TBCs		Sway TBCs						
BCs =	lexura onditi sucklin actors	I	II ≹——↓	III Y	IV ↓ ↓	V J0		VII Ļ—	VIII □───↓	IX	X	
Ē.	EO Eª	(0,5)	(0,7)	(0,7)	(1,0)	(1,0)	(1,0)	(2,0)	(2,0)	(2,0)	(2,0)	
S		1	0,9	0,9	0,9	0,7	0,7	0,8	0,8	0,8	0,8	
ny FB(		0,9	1	0,8	0,9	0,6	0,6	0,7	0,8	0,8	0,7	
0 n-SW8	3 (0,7)	0,9	0,8	1	0,9	0,6	0,6	0,8	0,7	0,7	0,8	
Non-	4 (1,0)	0,9	0,9	0,9	1	0,4	0,4	0,7	0,7	0,7	0,7	
	5 (1,0) ↓[] []	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1	1	1	0,9	0,9	0,9	0,9	
	6 (1,0) ≹───{{	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1	1	1	0,9	0,9	0,9	0,9	
FBCs	7 (2,0) ▲ 【	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,9	0,9	1	0,6	0,6	1	
Sway	8 (2,0) ₿ <u></u>	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,9	0,9	0,6	1	1	0,6	
	<u>9</u> (2,0) <u>↓</u>	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,9	0,9	0,6	1	1	0,6	
		0,2	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,9	0,9	1	0,6	0,6	1	

Table I.6 - Values of  $\alpha_{\rm yw}\,$  or  $\alpha_{\rm zw}\,$  for combinations of bending and torsion boundary conditions

NOTE Conservatively  $\alpha_{yw} = 1$  or  $\alpha_{zw} = 1$  may be used for any combinations of bending 1 - 10 and torsion I - X boundary conditions.

## THE END